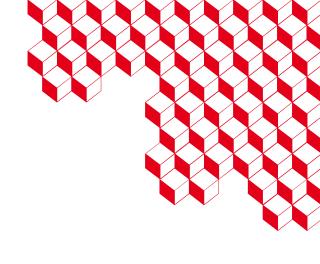




F. PEBAY-PEYROULA, L. BENEA, M. CARMONA, R. WACQUEZ









## **Agenda**

#### 1. Objectives

#### 2. TRNG basics

From transistor noise...

... to RO phase noise

Entropy source

## 3. OpenTRNG key components

**Emulator** 

Implementation

Validation tools

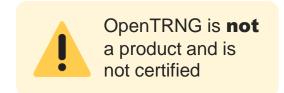


## **OpenTRNG** objectives





**Framework** comprising reference designs, emulation and analysis tools



- Help industrials to develop and validate TRNG in their products
  - Access to state-of-the-art entropy sources and tools
  - Characterize noise for a given hardware target
  - Helping with certification requirements
- Help academics in their research and teaching
  - Characterize custom entropy sources
  - Use the framework in practical work with students

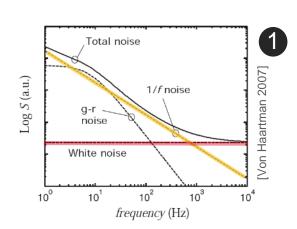


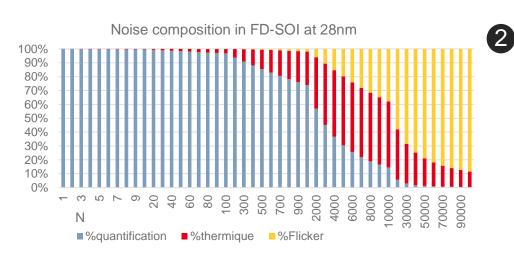
## 2 TRNG basics

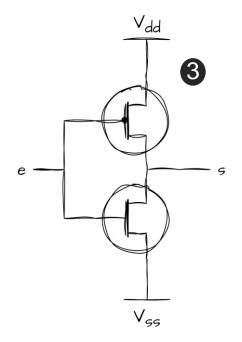
Noises and entropy sources

### From transistor noise...

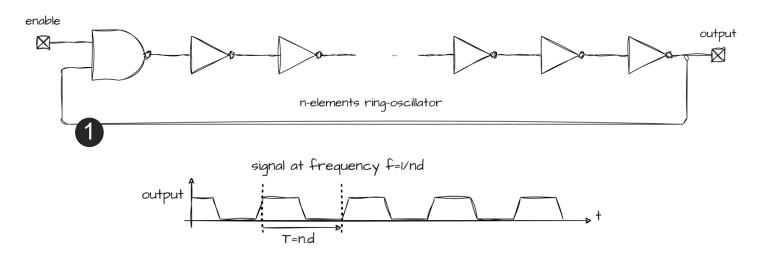
- Thermal noise: Gaussian "white" noise
- Flicker noise: colored "pink" noise [DSD2022]
  - Higher flicker noise for advanced technological nodes
  - Flicker is a correlated noise, but
    - No correlations in the generated randomness
    - Increase the measured entropy

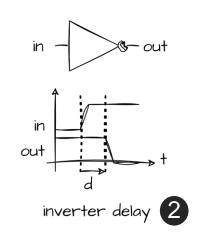




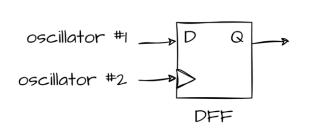


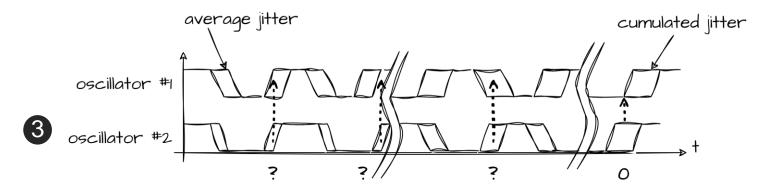
## ...to ring-oscillator phase noise





- Basic principle: DFF samples one RO with another
  - Digital randomness is the image of the RO differential phase noise
  - Immunity to common variations (voltage, temperature...)

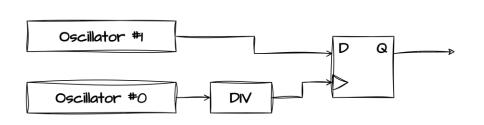


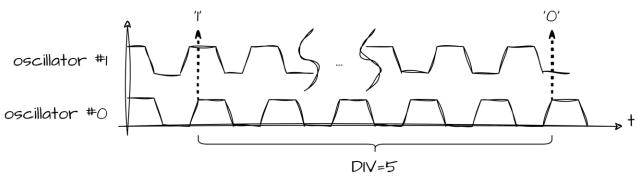


## **ERO** Elementary RO based TRNG



Oscillator #0 frequency is divided by DIV and samples oscillator #1





#### Pros

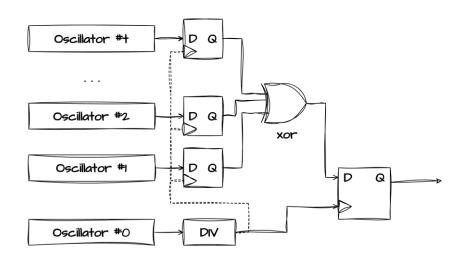
- Simple design
- Available stochastic model
- Few risk of locking

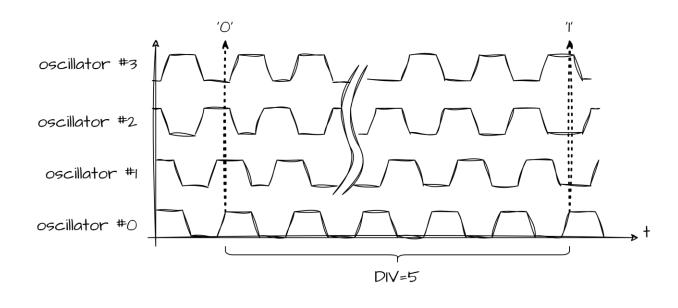
#### Cons

- Lack of entropy
- Need long integration time (high clock division factor)
- Low throughput

#### MURO Multi RO based TRNG

Oscillator #0 frequency is divided by DIV and samples oscillator #1 to 3, results are XORed





#### Pros

- More entropy
- More throughput at constant entropy

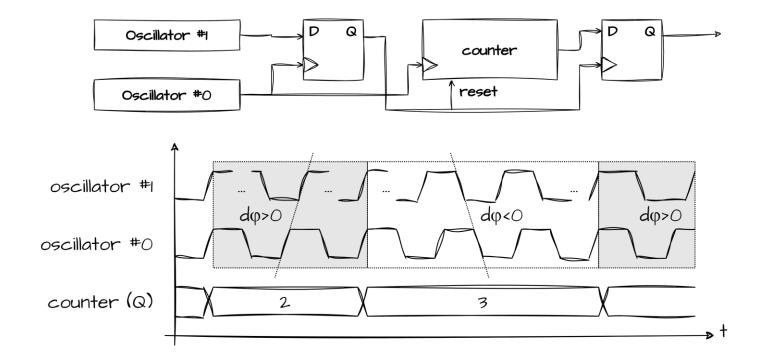
#### Cons

- More power consumption
- More surface
- Increased risk of locking
- Complex and partially available model



## **COSO** Coherent Sampling RO based TRNG

- Oscillator #0 samples oscillator #1
- On sample rising edge
  - register its current value
  - and reset the counter
- Random bit is output LSB
- Output also gives an internal metric of the entropy source



#### Pros

- High throughput (no clock divided)
- Acceptable entropy
- Internal metric for online tests
- Total failure alarm (by design)

#### Cons

- Requires freq. conditions on both RO
- And that's it ©



# 3 OpenTRNG

- 1. Emulator
- 2. Implementation
- 3. Validation tools

## **Emulator: phase noise**



12000

Emulates RO with thermal and flicker noises [CHES24]

$$dN_i = N + \sqrt{\frac{a_1 \cdot N}{factor_{th}}} \cdot \delta i_{th}^{RO} + \sqrt{\frac{a_2 \cdot N^2}{factor_{fl}}} \cdot \delta i_{fl}^{RO}$$

- Generates RO time-series
  - at a given RO frequency
  - with thermal and flicker noise figure measured on real hardware
- As instance, generate 10 million periods of an RO at 100MHz on Xilinx Artix 7 (FPGA)

14000 counter Allan variance emulator fit emulator 12000 10000 8000 6000 4000 2000 8000 2000 4000 6000 10000 accumulation in periods of RO0 [CHES24] Impact of the Flicker Noise on the Ring Oscillator-based

counter Allan variance FPGA

fit FPGA

16000

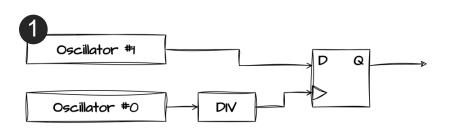
TRNGs, L. Benea, M. Carmona, V. Fischer, F. Pebay, R. Wacquez

Allan variance counter

\$ python ro.py -size 10e6 -freq 100e6 -a1 1.42e-13 -a2 1.15e-25 ro.txt

#### **Emulator: Raw Random Number**

- With two (or more) emulated RO we are able to
  - Emulate Raw Random Numbers (RRN)
  - With full timing behaviors (setup, hold…)

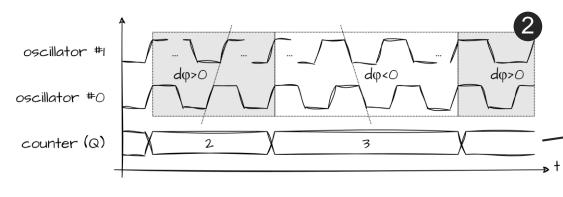


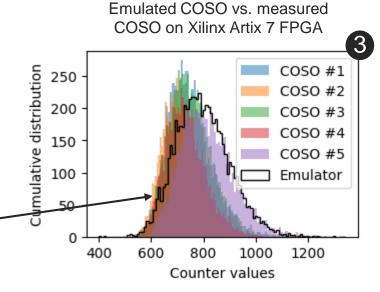
\$ python ero.py -size 10e6 -freq0 100e6 -freq1 100e6 -div 500 ero.txt

\$ python muro.py -size 10e6 -freq 100e6 98e6 99e6 101e6 -div 500 muro.txt

\$ python coso.py -size 10e6 -freq0 167e6 -freq1 167e6 coso.txt

As instance for the COSO [DTTIS24]





[DTTIS24] OpenTRNG: an open-source initiative for ring-oscillator based TRNGs, F. Pebay, L. Benea, M. Carmona, R. Wacquez

## Implementation: supported targets



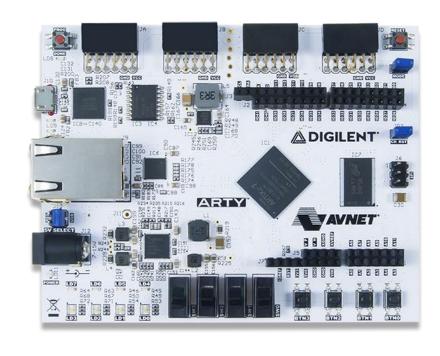
#### On the shelf support

- FPGA: Digilent Xilinx Arty A7
- ASIC: FD-SOI 28nm (emulator only)

#### Future ports

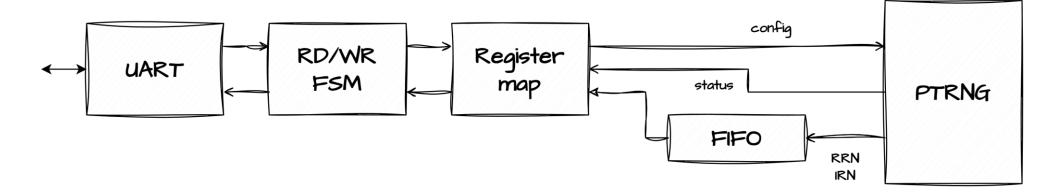
- FPGA: other Xilinx devices, Intel, Microsemi, Lattice
- ASIC: FD-SOI 22FDX

Design is fully portable



## Implementation: global view

- Direct access to TRNG from PC over USB-UART
- HDL is currently VHDL, but System Verilog port is considered
- Python script read/write in register map
  - Set configuration registers
  - Get status registers
  - Get generated RRN/IRN

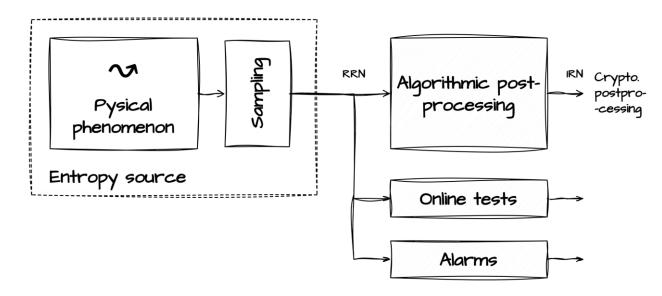


## **Implementation: TRNG**



#### Entropy sources:

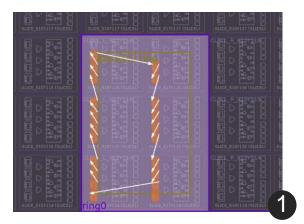
- ERO
- MURO
- COSO



- Algorithmic post-processing implements VN
- Online test and total failure alarm depend on source
- Fits with PTG.2 functionality class as defined in AIS 20/31

## Implementation: automated tooling

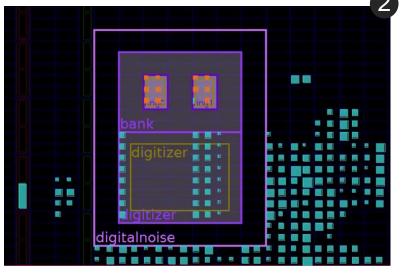




RO with 20 elements automated place and route in Xilinx A7

- Auto-generated place and route constraints for RO
  - Takes as input number of elements and slice parameters
  - Deterministic and stable output for each P/R iteration

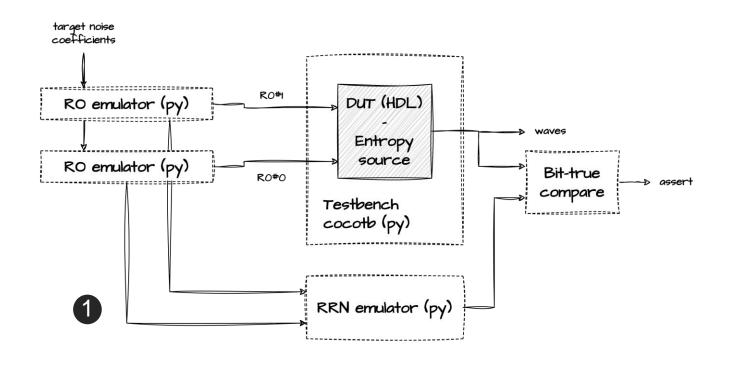
- Automated bloc placement
  - Takes as input source type and number of RO
  - Isolates each RO, avoid crosstalk between RO domains and other system clocks



RO and sampling blocs physical isolation in Xilinx A7

## Validation tools: simulation & verification

- Language and simulator agnostic with cocotb (QuestaSim, GHDL...)
- Bit-true simulation and verification with RO and RRN emulators

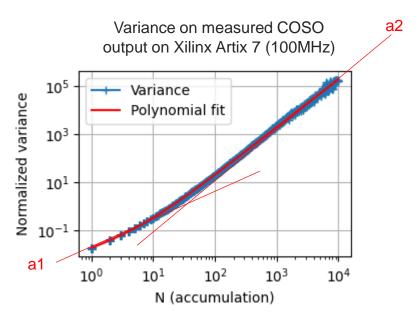


\$ cd hardware/sim/test\_coso \$ make

2



- COSO helps to extract noise parameters
- Plot Allan variance of measured COSO output
- Polynomial fit gives amplitudes
  - a1: thermal noise
  - a2: flicker noise
- Coefficients are injected back in RO emulator for target specific accurate behavior

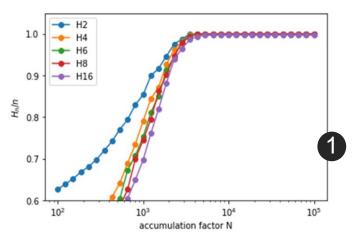


[DTTIS24] OpenTRNG: an open-source initiative for ring-oscillator based TRNGs, F. Pebay, L. Benea, M. Carmona, R. Wacquez

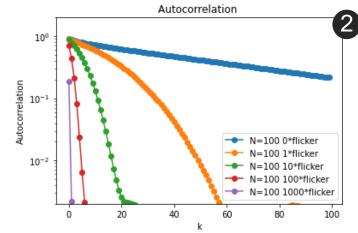
## Validation tools: randomness KPI

- Python scripts provide access to
- Entropy estimators
  - Shannon
  - Most Common Value (NIST SP800-90B)
  - Markov (NIST SP800-90B)
  - T8 as in AIS 20/31 procedure B
- Auto-correlations
  - Variable word size and lag

## Entropy estimations for ERO measured data into Xilinx A7 vs accumulation time



## Autocorrelations for emulated ERO with different flicker noise amplitude vs time

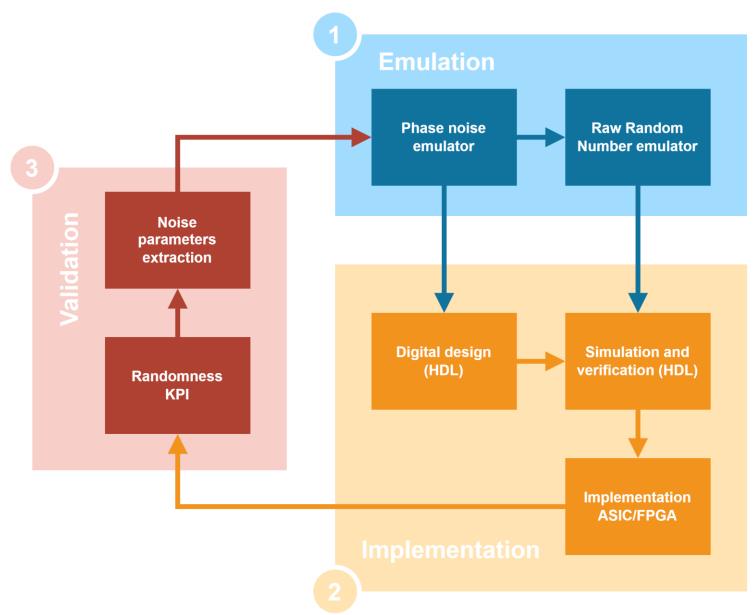


## **Development cycle**

OpenTRNG helps in the TRNG development cycle

#### Key benefits

- Validate HDL with emulators
- Validate entropy model
- Measure and extract noise for your hardware target
- Reduce time-to-product



## **Takeaway message**

- Open-source framework for RO based TRNG
- Includes: emulator, implementation and validation tools
- Helps industrials to develop and validate TRNG in their products and academics in their research and teaching
- Opened to contributions ©

